CSMEP Hydro DQO Steps 6 & 7

June 21-22, 2005

Hydro subgroup:

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Questions examined

- 1. Is SAR sufficient for 1) NPCC goal & 2) recovery goals? (Petrosky and Wilson)
- 2. Has hydrosystem complied with performance standards set out in 2000 FCRPS BiOp? (*Paulsen*)
- 3. Is transportation more effective than in-river passage? (Petrosky and Wilson)
- 4. What's the incremental mortality of Snake River fish populations (passing 8 dams) as compared to lower Columbia stocks (passing 3 dams)? (Petrosky)
- 5. What is the relative survival of transported fish post-BONN, compared to in-river fish? (Petrosky and Wilson)
- 6. What's the inferred delayed mortality of both in-river and transported fish? (Petrosky/Marmorek deferred for now)

Questions continued

- 7. What's the effect of different within-season transportation management actions in SARs and post-BONN survival of transported fish? (Paulsen)
- 8. What's the effect of different flow/spill management actions in the hydrosystem on a) SAR and Sp/Sp ratios {Petrosky} and b) in-river survival? {Wilson/Marmorek deferred}
- 9. Have freshwater habitat restoration actions been sufficient to compensate for hydrosystem direct and delayed mortality, as measured on the Snake R. aggregate sp/su chinook stock? (Petrosky)
- 10. What is the relative survival of fish past turbines spillway & bypass? Would RSWs improve SARs, Sp/Sp sufficiently to meet recovery targets? Would RSWs be an effective alternative to transportation? (Weber)

Q 1, 3, 5: SARs meeting goals, relative transport effectiveness (T/C ratio) and differential delayed transport mortality (D)?

Q4: What is the incremental mortality of Snake River fish populations (passing 8 dams) as compared to lower Columbia stocks (passing 1-3 dams)?

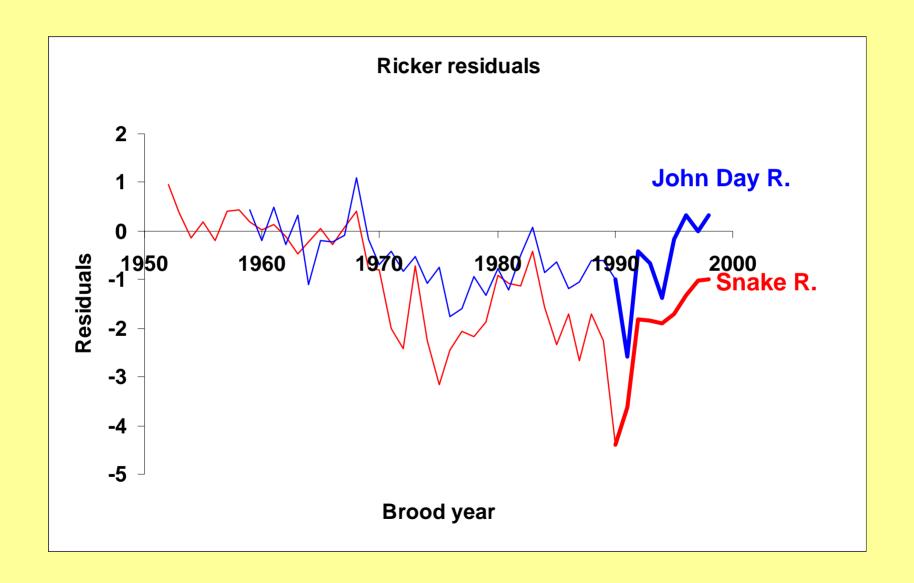
- Management question: Are SARs of Snake R. stocks < SARs of downriver stocks, as suggested by incremental mortality patterns in R/S data (Deriso et al. 2001), CSS workshop (Marmorek et al. 2004)?
 - SARs are an independent data set which provide estimate of survival rates over a smaller part of the life cycle than R/S, provide supplemental info to understand differences in survival rates between different stock groups.
- Relevant performance measures: -ln(SAR_{upriver}/SAR_{downriver}) from smolts at 1st dam encountered (LGR or JDA) to adults back to BON. Incremental mortality from R/S patterns of upriver and downriver stocks, μ (Deriso et al. 2001).

Evaluation design background:

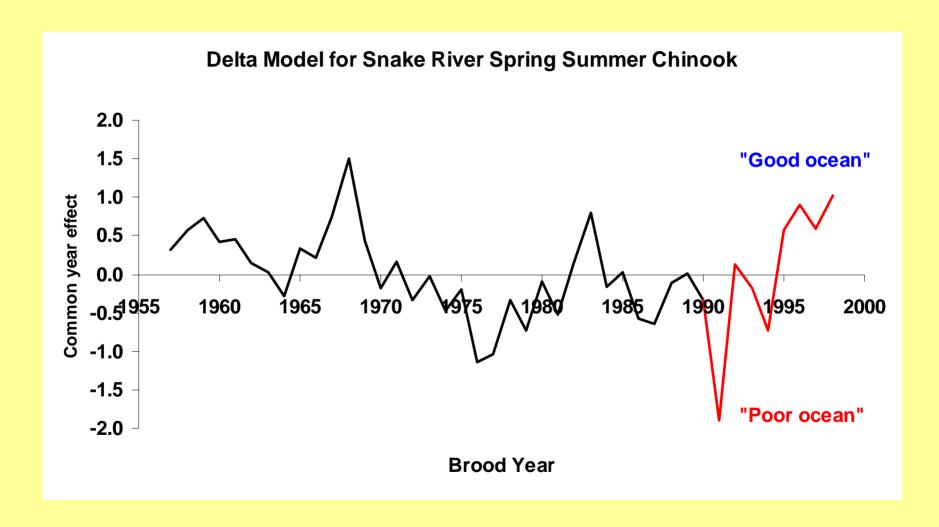
- R/S data-run reconstructions Snake River stocks (ODFW & IDFG) and John Day stocks (ODFW) 1950s-present.
- PIT tag SARs for Snake R. (various RME & CSS) 1994-present and John Day R. (ODFW & CSS), 2000-present.

Q4: Ricker residuals from updated Schaller et al. (1999).

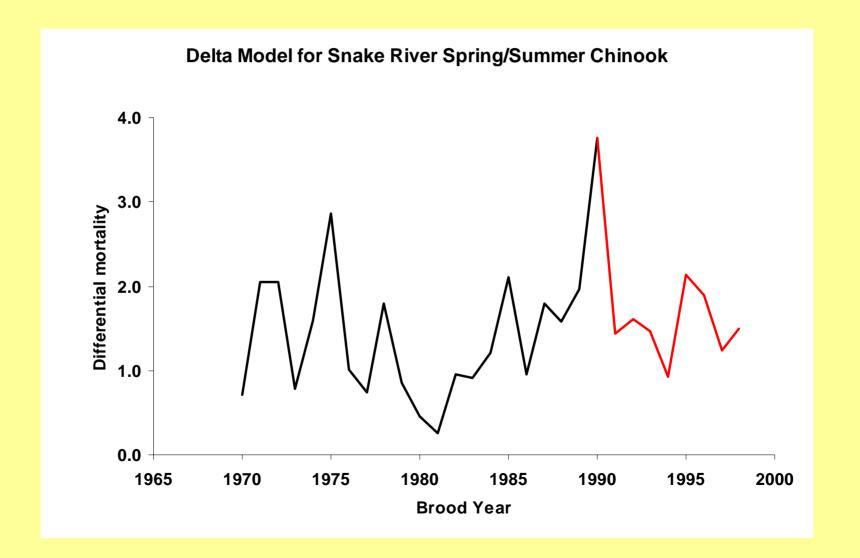
Annual survival rates covary among regions;
and greater mortality for Snake stocks since FCRPS development.



Q4: Delta model estimates of common year effect, δ , 1957-1998 brood years (Deriso et al. 2001; CSS workshop – Marmorek et al. 2004)



Q4: Delta model estimates of incremental mortality, μ, between Snake River & John Day River, 1970-1998 brood years (Deriso et al. 2001; CSS workshop – Marmorek et al. 2004).



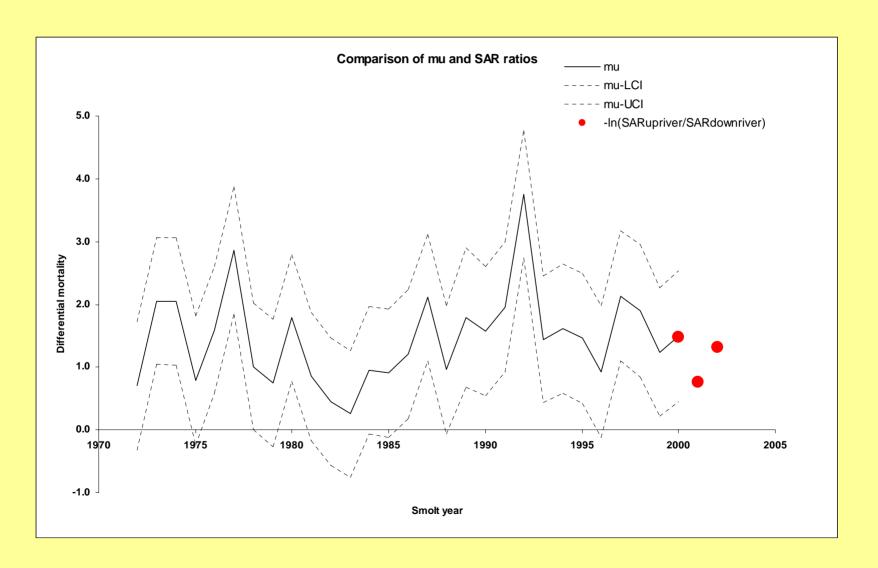
Q 4: incremental mortality, continued.

- Formalizing management question into a quantitative evaluation approach:
- H₀: -In(SAR_{upriver}/SAR_{downriver}) not equal μ
- H_a : $-In(SAR_{upriver}/SAR_{downriver}) = \mu$
- Plausible range of values for SAR ratio, defined from R/S estimate of incremental mortality, μ . $\mu = 1.47, 1975-1998$ brood years, so SAR ratio plausibly would be expected to be ~23% (e^{- μ})
 - R/S estimates of μ updated through brood year 1998 (smolt year 2000)
 - SAR estimates for both Snake & John Day for smolt years 2000-2002

Uncertainty:

- Delta model confidence limits on μ;
- CSS bootstrap program for estimating CI for SAR ratios (in progress)

Q4: Delta model estimates of incremental mortality, μ, between Snake River & John Day River, 1972- 2000 smolt years and –In(SAR_{upriver}/SAR_{downriver}), 2000-2002 smolt years



Q4: Incremental mortality, alternative designs (sp/su chinook)

High

 Elements from medium level, plus more representative wild stock composition for R/S and SAR, both regions (e.g., Warm Springs, Yakima) plus upper Columbia (e.g., Wenatchee, Methow)

Med

 R/S estimates for μ, plus SARs from PIT tag studies for Snake and John Day wild stocks, plus hatchery stocks. (current CSS and R/S data)

Low

 R/S estimates for μ, wild index stocks from Snake River and downriver regions. No program for SARs.